

$$\vec{v} = r_x t \hat{i} - r_y t \hat{j} \quad : 1 - 11$$

$$\vec{a} = \frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial y} + w \frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial z} \quad "$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (r_x t \hat{i} - r_y t \hat{j}) = r_x \hat{i} - r_y \hat{j} \\ u \frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial x} = r_x t \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (r_x t \hat{i} - r_y t \hat{j}) = r_x t (r_x \hat{i}) = r_x^2 t \hat{i} \\ v \frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial y} = -r_y t \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (r_x t \hat{i} - r_y t \hat{j}) = -r_y t (-r_y \hat{j}) = r_y^2 t \hat{j} \\ w \frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial z} = 0 \end{cases} \quad "$$

$$\vec{a} = (r_x + r_x^2 t) \hat{i} + (r_y^2 t - r_y) \hat{j} \quad "$$

$$\vec{a} = 4 \hat{i} + 2 \hat{j} \frac{m}{s} \rightarrow |\vec{a}| = \sqrt{4 + 4} = \sqrt{8} \frac{m}{s} \quad "$$

$$\vec{v} = r_x t \hat{i} - r_y t \hat{j} = r \hat{i} - r \hat{j} \rightarrow v = |\vec{v}| = \sqrt{r^2 + r^2} = r\sqrt{2} \frac{m}{s}$$

$$\bar{v} = \frac{\int v_n dA}{\varphi A} = \frac{\int u_{max} \left(\frac{r}{R}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} r dr}{A} \quad |dA = r dr| \quad : 1 - 11$$

$$r \int u_{max} \left(\frac{r}{R}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} r dr = r \int u_{max} \frac{r^{\frac{5}{4}}}{R^{\frac{1}{4}}} dr = \frac{r u_{max}}{19 R^{\frac{1}{4}}} \Big|_0^R = r u_{max} \frac{9}{19} < R^{\frac{1}{4}} \quad "$$

$$\rightarrow \bar{v} = \frac{r u_{max} \frac{9}{19} R^{\frac{1}{4}}}{r R^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{9}{19} u_{max}$$

$$2021 / 11 \vec{v} = \frac{1 \cdot -0}{0.1 \cdot 1} y = 10 y \quad : 15 - 11$$

$$Q = \int (\vec{v} \cdot \hat{n}) dA = \int v_n dA = r \int_0^{0.1} 10 y \cdot 0.1 \cdot y = 14 \frac{m^3}{s} \Rightarrow Q = 14 \frac{m^3}{s}$$

$$\bar{v} = \frac{\dot{m}}{\varphi A} = \frac{Q}{A} = \frac{14}{0.1 \cdot 1} = 140 \frac{m}{s}$$

$$\dot{m} = \rho V A = \varphi Q = 1.1 \cdot 14 \cdot 1 = 15.4 \frac{kg}{s}$$

۳-۲: N_{sys} یا همان m در سیستم ثابت است و منفیست ← پس $\dot{N}_{sys} = 0$ درست است.

همچنین چون m در سیستم ثابت است ← $\frac{dN_{sys}}{dt} = 0$ ← نیزه ۲ هم درست است.

ارزش ρ

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \int_{cv} \rho dV + \int_{cs} \rho (\vec{v} \cdot \hat{n}) dA = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{d}{dt} \int \rho dV \neq 0$$

بسیارینه های ۲ و ۳ در قانون پیوستگی صدق می کنند و نیزه ۱ صدق نمی کند. نیزه ۱

۲۵-۲. جریان یابنده و تراکم ناچیز

$$\sum \dot{Q}_{in} = \sum \dot{Q}_{out} \quad A_r \cdot \bar{v}_r$$

$$\rightarrow \dot{Q}_A + \dot{Q}_B = \dot{Q}_C \Rightarrow 0,101 t + 0,100 \Delta t^2 = 0,101 \times \bar{v}_r$$

$t = 15$

$$\bar{v}_r = 1,5 \frac{m}{s} \quad a = \frac{dv}{dt}$$

$$v(t) = \frac{0,101 t + 0,100 \Delta t^2}{0,101} = t + 0,1 \Delta t^2$$

$$\rightarrow a = 1 + 2t \xrightarrow{t=15} a = 2 \frac{m}{s^2}$$

2021/14..

$$\sum \dot{m}_{in} = \sum \dot{m}_{out} \rightarrow \dot{m}_1 = \dot{m}_r + \dot{m}_p \quad : 21-2$$

$$\dot{m}_1 = \rho \bar{v}_1 A_1 = 1000 \times 1 \times \frac{12}{\pi} \times (0,1)^2 = 0,901 \frac{kg}{s}$$

$$\dot{m}_r = \rho \bar{v}_r A_r = 1000 \times U_r \times \frac{12}{\pi} (0,1)^2 = 7,549 U_r \frac{kg}{s}$$

$$\dot{m}_p = \int_{A_p} \rho (\vec{v} \cdot \hat{n}) dA = \rho \int_0^L 0,1 U_r \frac{2}{L} (r/R) dr = \frac{0,1 \pi \rho U_r R}{L} \int_0^L r dr = \frac{0,1 \pi \rho U_r R}{L} \frac{r^2}{2} \Big|_0^L = \frac{0,1 \pi \rho U_r R}{2} \frac{L^2}{L} = \frac{0,1 \pi \rho U_r R L}{2}$$

$$\dot{m}_p = \frac{0,1 \pi \times 1000 \times U_r \times 0,1 \times L}{2} \times \frac{L}{2} = 3,77 U_r \frac{kg}{s}$$

$$\rho V U_r + V_0 \rho A U_r = \rho g A h_1 \rightarrow U_r = \frac{\rho g A h_1}{\rho V U_r} = 1.129 \text{ m/s}$$

2021/12..

$$\dot{m} = \rho V U_r = 5.412 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} (\rho V U_r) = -\rho A_1 U_1 + \rho A_2 U_2 = 0 \quad \frac{d}{dt} (\rho A h_1) = \rho V_1 A_1 + \rho V_2 A_2 = 0 \quad : \text{EF} - \text{P}$$

$$\rightarrow V_1 = \frac{A_2 U_2 + \frac{d}{dt} (\rho A h_1)}{A_1} = \frac{\rho g h_1 A_2 + A_2 \frac{dh_1}{dt}}{A_1} = \frac{\sqrt{2g h_1} A_2 \rho + A_2 \rho \frac{dh_1}{dt}}{A_1}$$

$$= 2.14 \text{ m/s}$$

سوال ٤ - ٣ :

$\sum F_x = \rho Q v$
 $R_x - \rho A v^2 = \rho Q v$
 $R_x = \left(1000 \times \frac{\pi}{4} \times (0.15)^2 \times \frac{20^2}{\text{m}} \right) + \left(-1000 \times \frac{\pi}{4} \times (0.15)^2 \times \frac{20^2}{\text{m}} \right)$
 $R_x = -59.44 \text{ N}$

$$\sum \rho Q v_n = \sum F_n \rightarrow R_n \cdot \rho V^2 A = 1000 \times \frac{\pi}{4} \times (0.15)^2 \times 20^2 = 22500 \text{ N} \quad \text{EF} - \text{P}$$

$$\sum \rho Q v_n = \sum F_n \quad v_{x2} (-\dot{m}) + v_{x1} (\dot{m}) = R_n \quad : \text{EF} - \text{P}$$

$$R_n = \dot{m} (v_{x1} - v_{x2}) = 1 \text{ kg} [10 - 10 \cos 30^\circ] = 1.15 \text{ kN}$$

$$R_y = \dot{m} (v_{y2} - v_{y1}) = 1 \text{ kg} [10 \sin 30^\circ - 0] = 5 \text{ N}$$

$$W = mg = 1 \times 9.81 = 9.81 \text{ N} > R_y \quad \frac{F_f}{F_n} = \frac{F_f}{R_y + W}$$

$$0.1 = \frac{F_f}{2 + 9.81} \rightarrow F_f = 1.18 \text{ N} > R_y$$

سوال ۵۳ - ۳ :

$$\sum_{CS} P Q = \sum_{CS} P Q$$

$$R_x = -P Q N_0 + P Q (-v_0) + P Q (-v_0)$$

$$R_x = -2 P Q N_0 \Rightarrow R_x = 2 P Q N_0$$

سوال ۴۲ - ۳ :

چون در حال افزایش = جریان تغییرات / جمع نازل است

$$\frac{d}{dt} \int_{CV} \rho v_x dV + \int_{CS} v_x \rho (\vec{v} \cdot \vec{n}) dA = \sum F_x$$

$$20 \rho \frac{d}{dt} (v_1 v_1 + v_2 v_2) + \rho (-v_1 Q + v_2 Q) = P_1 A_1 - P_2 A_2 - R_x$$

$$R_x = P_1 A_1 - P_2 A_2 - \rho (v_1 \frac{dv_1}{dt} + v_2 \frac{dv_2}{dt}) - \rho Q (v_2 - v_1)$$

$$v_1 = A_1 L_1 = \frac{\pi}{4} (0.1)^2 (2) = 0.00314 \text{ m}^3 \Rightarrow v_2 = 0.1188 \text{ m}^3$$

$$25 \frac{dv_1}{dt} = \frac{1}{A_1} \frac{dQ}{dt} = \frac{1}{\frac{\pi}{4} (0.1)^2} (0.00314) = 0.16 \text{ m/s}^2 \quad \frac{dv_2}{dt} = 0.102 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$Q = A_1 v_1 = \frac{\pi}{4} (0.1)^2 (2) \Rightarrow Q = 0.00314 \text{ m}^3$$

$$A_1 v_1 = A_2 v_2 \quad 0.00314 = \frac{\pi}{4} (0.2)^2 v_2 \Rightarrow v_2 = 0.176 \text{ m/s}$$

$$R_x = (10000 \text{ Pa}) \left[\frac{\pi}{4} (0.1)^2 \right] - 0 - (1000) \left[(0.00314)(0.16) + (0.1188)(0.102) \right] - (1000)(0.00314) \left[(0.16) - (0.176) \right]$$

$$R_x = (0.0785) - (0.1188) + (0.0314) = \underline{0.0311} R_x$$

$$\sum_{i,j} R_{ij} = \sum_{i,j} \rho Q V_{ij} \rightarrow R_{ij} = \rho Q \cdot \psi \cdot A \cdot V = A_j \cdot \psi_j \cdot \rho (V_j - V_0)$$

: 44 - 3

$$\rightarrow A_j = V_j \cdot \rho (V_j - V_0)$$

سؤال 3

سؤال 71 - 3

$$T_{\text{shatt}} = \dot{m} r V_{\theta,r} = \dot{m} r V_r \cos \theta = \frac{\dot{m} r V_r \cos \theta}{\rho A}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\rho T_{\text{shatt}} (\pi D^2 / 4)}{\dot{m} r}$$

$$\Rightarrow \arccos \frac{\rho \times 1000 \times (10 \times 10^{-3}) (\pi \times 0.1^2 / 4)}{9 \times 0.14} = 21,5^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = 21,5^\circ$$