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$$\vec{\nabla}(\) =$$

$$\vec{\nabla} = \frac{\partial(\)}{\partial x} \hat{i} + \frac{\partial(\)}{\partial y} \hat{j} + \frac{\partial(\)}{\partial z} \hat{k} \quad ()$$

$$\partial(\)/\partial t =$$



(*E*) (*V*)

(*θ*) (*T*) (*L*) (*M*)

() ()

(*SI*) (*BG*)

(*∇*)
()



MLT	MT	LT	MLT	MLT	MLT	MLT	MLT	ML	LT	LT	MLT
FL	FL	LT	FLT	FL	F	FLT	FL	FLT	LT	LT	FLT

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V} \quad ()$$

$kg/m \quad ML^{-3} \quad V \quad m \quad \rho$

$$SG = \frac{\rho}{\rho_w @ 4^\circ C} \quad (\rho = kg/m) \quad \rho_w @ 4^\circ C \quad ()$$

$$\gamma = \rho g \quad ()$$

$N/m \quad FL^{-1} \quad g \quad \gamma$

$$p = \rho RT \quad ()$$

$$R = \frac{R_u}{M} = \frac{8.314 kJ/kmol.K}{M} \quad ()$$

$$\frac{p_1 V_1}{T_1} = \frac{p_2 V_2}{T_2} \quad ()$$

$M \quad R_u \quad () \quad T \quad R \quad p$

$()$

$$\tau = \mu \frac{du}{dy} = -\mu \frac{du}{dr} \quad ()$$

$r \quad y \quad du/dr \quad du/dy \quad \mu \quad \tau$

$Pa.s \quad N.s/m \quad kg/(m.s) \quad FTL^{-1}$

$v \quad / Pa.s$

$$v = \frac{\mu}{\rho} \quad ()$$

3

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t

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ω

$$T = \mu \frac{2\pi R^3 \omega L}{t} = \mu \frac{4\pi^2 R^3 n L}{t} \quad ()$$

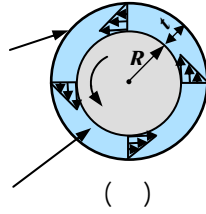
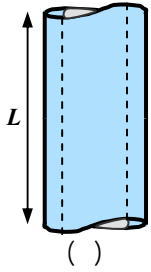
L ()

n

ω

R

T



$$E_v = -\frac{dp}{d\nabla/\nabla} = \frac{dp}{d\rho/\rho} \quad ()$$

(Pa) N/m

FL^{-1}

E_v

$$\frac{p}{\rho} = RT = \quad ; \quad p_1 \nabla_1 = p_2 \nabla_2 \quad ()$$

$$\frac{p}{\rho^k} = \quad ; \quad p_1 \nabla_1^k = p_2 \nabla_2^k \quad ()$$

$$k = \frac{c_p}{c_v} \quad ; \quad R = c_p - c_v \quad ()$$

$$E_v = \frac{dp}{d\rho/\rho} = p \quad ()$$

$$E_v = kp \quad ()$$

c_v

c_p

k

$$c = \sqrt{\frac{E_v}{\rho}} \quad c \quad ()$$

$$c = \sqrt{kRT} \quad ()$$

()

()

σ

N/m

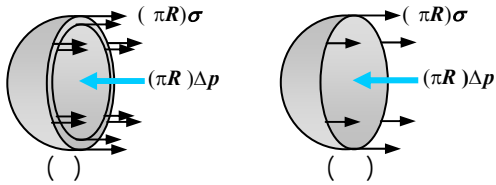
FL^{-1}

Δp [()]

R

$\Delta p = \frac{2\sigma}{R}$ ()

$\Delta p = \frac{4\sigma}{R}$ ()



()

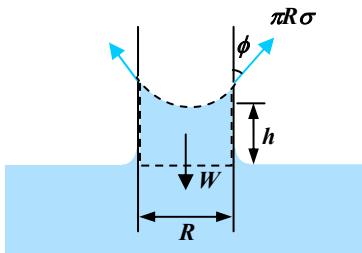
()

(ϕ) ()

() $\phi < 90^\circ$

() $\phi > 90^\circ$

$h = \frac{2\sigma}{\gamma R} \cos \phi$ h ()



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() () () () () () ()

$\vec{v} = 2tx\hat{i} - t^2y\hat{j} + 3xz\hat{k}$ () ()

⋮

: ()

$u = 2tx$; $v = -t^2y$; $w = 3xz$

t . z y x

()

$\vec{v} = 4zt\hat{i} + 3x\hat{j}$:

⋮

() ()

() ()

⋮

: ()

$u = 4zt$; $v = 3x$; $w = 0$

t . z x

()

)

:(

psi () hp () N/m () / mm ()

- °F () / J () × - N.s/m () / slug ()

⋮

: **BG SI** () ()

$(85.9 \text{ mm}^3) \left(\frac{1}{1000} \frac{\text{m}}{\text{mm}} \right)^3 \left(3.281 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{m}} \right)^3 = \underline{\underline{3.03 \times 10^{-6} \text{ ft}^3}}$ ()

$\left(536 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} \right) \left(2.089 \times 10^{-2} \frac{\text{lb}/\text{ft}^2}{\text{N}/\text{m}^2} \right) = \underline{\underline{11.1974 \text{ lb}/\text{ft}^2 (\text{psf})}}$ ()

$(321 \text{ hp}) \left(7.457 \times 10^2 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{hp}} \right) = \underline{\underline{239369.7 \text{ W}}}$ ()

$(210 \text{ psi}) \left(6.895 \times 10^3 \frac{\text{N}/\text{m}^2}{\text{psi}} \right) = \underline{\underline{1447950 \text{ N}/\text{m}^2}}$ ()

$(4.81 \text{ slug}) \left(1.459 \times 10^1 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{slug}} \right) = \underline{\underline{70.173 \text{ kg}}}$ ()

$\left(2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ N.s}/\text{m}^2 \right) \left(2.089 \times 10^{-2} \frac{\text{lb.s}/\text{ft}^2}{\text{N.s}/\text{m}^2} \right) = \underline{\underline{4.18 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb.s}/\text{ft}^2}}$ ()

$(92.1 \text{ J}) \left(7.376 \times 10^{-1} \frac{\text{ft.lb}}{\text{J}} \right) = \underline{\underline{67.933 \text{ ft.lb}}}$ ()

$T_C = \frac{5}{9} (^\circ F - 32) = \frac{5}{9} (-100 - 32) = -73.3 \text{ }^\circ C$; $T_K = \text{ }^\circ C + 273 = -73.3 + 273 = \underline{\underline{199.7 \text{ K}}}$ ()

H	γ	P	$P = \gamma QH$
-----	----------	-----	-----------------

()

:

$$P \doteq FLT^{-1} \quad ; \quad \gamma \doteq FL^{-3} \quad ; \quad Q \doteq L^3T^{-1} \quad ; \quad H \doteq L$$

$$(FLT^{-1}) \doteq (FL^{-3})(L^3T^{-1})(L) \doteq FLT^{-1}$$

$\frac{1}{g} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + \frac{u}{g} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} = \frac{iu}{gh}$

$i \quad h \quad t \quad x \quad u \quad g$

()

:

$$g \doteq LT^{-2} \quad ; \quad u \doteq i \doteq LT^{-1} \quad ; \quad t \doteq T \quad ; \quad x \doteq h \doteq L$$

$$\frac{1}{(LT^{-2})} \frac{(LT^{-1})}{(T)} + \frac{(LT^{-1})(LT^{-1})}{(LT^{-2})(L)} + \frac{(L)}{(L)} = \frac{(LT^{-1})(LT^{-1})}{(LT^{-2})(L)} \quad ; \quad F^0 L^0 T^0 \doteq F^0 L^0 T^0$$

E	ρ	E_v	a	V	D	μ	F
-----	--------	-------	-----	-----	-----	-------	-----

$F = 3\pi\mu DV \quad ()$

$$a = \sqrt{\frac{E_v/\rho}{1 + \frac{E_v D}{E e} c}} \quad ()$$

$c \quad e$

()

:

$$a \doteq LT^{-1} \quad ; \quad E_v \doteq E \doteq FL^{-2} \quad ; \quad \rho \doteq ML^{-3} \doteq FL^{-4}T^2 \quad ; \quad D \doteq e \doteq L$$

$$(LT^{-1}) \doteq \left[\frac{(FL^{-2}) / (FL^{-4}T^2)}{1 + \frac{(FL^{-2})(L)}{(FL^{-2})(L)}} \right]^{-1/2} \doteq [L^2T^{-2}]^{1/2} \doteq LT^{-1}$$

() ()

:

$$F \doteq F \quad ; \quad \mu \doteq FL^{-2}T \quad ; \quad D \doteq e \doteq L \quad ; \quad V \doteq LT^{-1}$$

$$(F) \doteq (FL^{-2}T)(L)(LT^{-1}) \doteq F$$

$\Delta h = \left(h_i + \frac{P_g + P_{atm}}{2\gamma h_g} \right) - \sqrt{\left(h_i + \frac{P_g + P_{atm}}{2\gamma h_g} \right)^2 - \frac{2P_g h_i}{\gamma h_g}}$

	γ_{hg} p_{atm} p_g
h_i Δh	h_i Δh
:	()
$\Delta h \doteq h_i \doteq L \quad ; \quad p_g \doteq p_{atm} \doteq FL^{-2} \quad ; \quad \gamma_{hg} \doteq FL^{-3}$	
$(L) = \left[(L) + \frac{(FL^{-2}) + (FL^{-2})}{(FL^{-3})} \right] - \left\{ \left[(L) + \frac{(FL^{-2}) + (FL^{-2})}{(FL^{-3})} \right]^2 - \frac{(FL^{-2})(L)}{(FL^{-3})} \right\}^{1/2}$	
$L \doteq [(L) + (L)] - \left\{ [(L) + (L)]^2 - (L^2) \right\}^{1/2} \doteq (L) - (L^2)^{1/2} \doteq L$	

(ω)	(ρ)	(D)	(Δp)
$\frac{\Delta p}{\rho D^2 \omega^2}$ (	$\frac{\Delta p \omega^2}{\rho D^2}$ (	$\frac{\rho \omega^2}{\Delta p D^2}$ (	$\frac{\rho \Delta p}{D^2 \omega^2}$ (
:	()	()	()
$\Delta p \doteq FL^{-2} \quad ; \quad \rho \doteq FL^{-4} T^2 \quad ; \quad d \doteq L \quad ; \quad \omega \doteq T^{-1}$			
$\frac{\rho \Delta p}{D^2 \omega^2} \doteq \frac{(FL^{-4} T^2)(FL^{-2})}{(L)^2 (T^{-1})^2} \doteq \frac{F^2 L^{-6} T^2}{L^2 T^{-2}} \doteq F^2 L^{-4} T^4$			
$\frac{\rho \omega^2}{\Delta p D^2} \doteq \frac{(FL^{-4} T^2)(T^{-1})^2}{(FL^{-2})(L)^2} \doteq \frac{FL^{-4} T^{-2}}{F} \doteq L^{-4} T^{-2}$			
$\frac{\Delta p \omega^2}{\rho D^2} \doteq \frac{(FL^{-2})(T^{-1})^2}{(FL^{-4} T^2)(L)^2} \doteq \frac{FL^{-2} T^{-2}}{FL^{-2} T^2} \doteq T^{-4}$			
$\frac{\Delta p}{\rho D^2 \omega^2} \doteq \frac{(FL^{-2})}{(FL^{-4} T^2)(L)^2 (T^{-1})^2} \doteq \frac{FL^{-2}}{FL^{-2}} \doteq F^0 L^0 T^0$			

:							
$\Delta p = K_v \frac{\mu V}{D} + K_u \left(\frac{A_0}{A_1} - 1 \right)^2 \rho V^2$							
A	A_0	D	ρ	μ	V	K_u	K_v
()							
:							
$\Delta p \doteq FL^{-2} \quad ; \quad \mu \doteq FL^{-2} T \quad ; \quad V \doteq LT^{-1} \quad ; \quad D \doteq L \quad ; \quad A_0 \doteq A_1 \doteq L^2 \quad ; \quad \rho \doteq FL^{-4} T^2$							

$$(FL^{-2}) \doteq K_v \frac{(FL^{-2}T^1)(LT^{-1})}{(L)} + K_u \left[\frac{(L^2)}{(L^2)} - 1 \right]^2 (FL^{-4}T^2)(LT^{-1})^2 \doteq K_v (FL^{-2}) + K_u (FL^{-2})$$

$K_u \quad K_v$

$Q (\quad)$

$$Q = C\sqrt{2gB} \left(H + \frac{V^2}{2g} \right)^{3/2}$$

$V \quad H \quad B \quad g \quad C$

⋮

(\quad)

:

$$Q \doteq L^3T^{-1} \quad ; \quad g \doteq LT^{-2} \quad ; \quad B \doteq H \doteq L \quad ; \quad V \doteq LT^{-1}$$

$$Q = C\sqrt{2gB} \left(H + \frac{V^2}{2g} \right)^{3/2} \quad ; \quad (L^3T^{-1}) \doteq (LT^{-2})^{1/2} (L) \left[(L) + \frac{(LT^{-1})^2}{(LT^{-2})} \right]^{3/2}$$

$$L^3T^{-1} \doteq (LT^{-2})^{1/2} (L) [(L) + (L)]^{3/2} \doteq (LT^{-2})^{1/2} (L)(L)^{3/2} \doteq L^3T^{-1}$$

: $B \quad A$

$$\frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial t^2} + A \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + Bx = 0$$

$t \quad x$

⋮

:

(\quad)

$$x \doteq L \quad ; \quad t \doteq T^1 \quad ; \quad \frac{L}{T^2} + A \frac{L}{T} + B(L) = 0$$

$B \quad A$

$$A \doteq \frac{LT^{-2}}{LT^{-1}} \doteq \underline{\underline{T^{-1}}} \quad ; \quad B \doteq \frac{LT^{-2}}{L} \doteq \underline{\underline{T^{-2}}}$$

ϕ

$$\frac{r\partial^2\phi}{\partial r^2} + \frac{\partial\phi}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial^2\phi}{\partial\theta^2} + \frac{r\partial^2\phi}{\partial z^2} = 0$$

$z \quad \theta \quad r$

(\quad)

⋮

$$\begin{cases} r \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial r^2} \doteq \frac{(L)\phi}{L^2} \doteq \phi(L^{-1}) \\ \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} \doteq \frac{\phi}{L} \doteq \phi(L^{-1}) \end{cases}$$

ϕ

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + w \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + A \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2} \right)$$

x

A ρ p z y x w v u

\vdots

A ()

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \doteq \frac{LT^{-1}}{T} \doteq LT^{-2} \\ A \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} \doteq A \frac{LT^{-1}}{L^2} \doteq A(L^{-1}T^{-1}) \end{cases} ; \quad A \doteq \frac{LT^{-2}}{L^{-1}T^{-1}} \doteq L^2T^{-1}$$

A

$$\frac{\partial^4 \phi}{\partial x^4} + 2 \frac{\partial^4 \phi}{\partial x^2 \partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^4 \phi}{\partial y^4} = -(1-\nu) \left(\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial y^2} \right)$$

ϕ

ν V

\vdots

()

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial^4 \phi}{\partial x^4} \doteq \frac{\phi}{L^4} \doteq \phi(L^{-4}) \\ (1-\nu) \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x^2} \doteq \frac{(LT^{-1})}{(L^2)} \doteq L^{-1}T^{-1} \end{cases} ; \quad \phi \doteq \frac{L^{-1}T^{-1}}{L^{-4}} \doteq \underline{\underline{L^3T^{-1}}}$$

$/ \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ kN $/ \text{ } kN$

\vdots

N/m $/ \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ ()

[()] [()] [()]

\vdots

$$W_w = \gamma_w \nabla_b ; \nabla = \frac{W}{\gamma} = \frac{(2000 \text{ N})}{(9796 \text{ N/m}^3)} = 0.204 \text{ m}^3 ; \gamma_b = \frac{W_b}{\nabla_b} = \frac{(5560 \text{ N})}{(0.204 \text{ m}^3)} = 27233 \text{ N/m}^3 = \underline{\underline{27.2 \text{ kN/m}^3}}$$

$$\rho = \frac{\gamma_b}{g} = \frac{(27233 \text{ N/m}^3)}{(9.81 \text{ m/s}^2)} = \underline{\underline{2776 \text{ kg/m}^3}} ; SG = \frac{\rho_b}{\rho_w @ 4^\circ \text{C}} = \frac{(2776 \text{ kg/m}^3)}{(1000 \text{ kg/m}^3)} = \underline{\underline{2.78}}$$

	(T) (ρ)
/ / / / / / / /	(kg/m)
	(°C)

$$\rho = c + c T \quad / \text{ } ^\circ \text{C}$$

Excel

$$\rho = 1005.6 + -0.34T \quad ()$$

()

% /

() / °C

$$\rho = 1005.6 + -0.34(42.1^\circ) = \underline{\underline{991.3 \text{ kg/m}^3}}$$

	(kg/m)
/ / / / / / / /	(kg/m)
/ / - / - / - / /	(%)

$$kPa \quad ^\circ \text{C} \quad / \times J/(kg.K)$$

() ()

$$\nabla = \frac{\pi}{6} D^3 = \frac{\pi}{6} (6m)^3 = 113.1 \text{ m}^3 ; \rho = \frac{m}{\nabla} = \frac{p}{RT} ; \frac{m}{(113.1 \text{ m}^3)} = \frac{(200 \times 10^3 \text{ Pa})}{[2.077 \times 10^3 \text{ J/(kg.K)}](20 + 273) \text{ K}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{m = 37.2 \text{ kg}}}$$

kPa	°C
kPa	°C / m
	/ kPa m / kg.K

⋮

()

$$\frac{p_1 \nabla_1}{T_1} = \frac{p_2 \nabla_2}{T_2} = \frac{p_2 \nabla}{T_2} \quad ; \quad p_2 = p_1 \frac{T_2}{T_1} = [(210+100)kPa] \frac{(50+273)K}{(25+273)K} = \underline{\underline{336 \text{ kPa}}}$$

()

$$p = \rho RT = \frac{m}{\nabla} RT \quad ; \quad m = \frac{p \nabla}{RT} \quad ; \quad \begin{cases} m_1 = \frac{p_1 \nabla}{RT_1} = \frac{(310 \text{ kPa})(0.025 \text{ m}^3)}{(0.287 \text{ kPa} \cdot \text{m}^3 / \text{kg} \cdot \text{K})(298 \text{ K})} = 0.0906 \text{ kg} \\ m_2 = \frac{p_2 \nabla}{RT_2} = \frac{(310 \text{ kPa})(0.025 \text{ m}^3)}{(0.287 \text{ kPa} \cdot \text{m}^3 / \text{kg} \cdot \text{K})(323 \text{ K})} = 0.0836 \text{ kg} \end{cases}$$

$$\Delta m = (0.0906 \text{ kg}) - (0.0836 \text{ kg}) \quad ; \quad \underline{\underline{\Delta m = 0.0070 \text{ kg}}}$$

/ kN/m °C / kg
/ kN/m / °C

⋮

()

$$p = \rho RT = \frac{m}{\nabla} RT \quad ; \quad \nabla = \frac{m_1 RT_1}{p_1} \quad ; \quad \nabla = \frac{m_1 RT_1}{p_1} = \frac{(9.1 \text{ kg})(0.287 \text{ kPa} \cdot \text{m}^3 / \text{kg} \cdot \text{K})(294 \text{ K})}{(137.9 \text{ kPa})} = 5.57 \text{ m}^3$$

()

$$m_2 = \frac{p_2 \nabla}{RT_2} = \frac{(241.3 \text{ kPa})(5.57 \text{ m}^3)}{(0.287 \text{ kPa} \cdot \text{m}^3 / \text{kg} \cdot \text{K})(305.2 \text{ K})} = 15.32 \text{ kg} \quad ; \quad \Delta m = m_2 - m_1 = (15.32 \text{ kg}) - (9.1 \text{ kg}) = \underline{\underline{6.22 \text{ kg}}}$$

⋮

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⋮

() .()

(μ = / N.s/m)

y V V = / y-y

: y = / m

/ N/m (/ N/m (/ N/m (/ N/m (

⋮

() .()

$$\tau = \mu \frac{du}{dy} = \mu \frac{d}{dy} \{0.68y - y^2\} = \mu [0.68 - 2y]_{y=0.17m} = (0.9 \text{ N} \cdot \text{s} / \text{m}^2) [0.68 - 2(0.17 \text{ m})] \quad ; \quad \underline{\underline{\tau = 0.306 \text{ N} / \text{m}^2}}$$

/ m/s /

$$\frac{u}{U} = \frac{3}{2} \frac{y}{\delta} - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{y}{\delta}\right)^3$$

δ U

()

$$\tau = \mu \frac{du}{dy} = \mu \frac{d}{dy} \left[U \left[\frac{3}{2} \frac{y}{\delta} - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{y}{\delta}\right)^3 \right] \right] = \mu \left[\frac{3}{2} U \left(\frac{1}{\delta} - \frac{1}{\delta^3} y^2 \right) \right]$$

$$\tau_{y=0} = \mu \left[\frac{3}{2} U \left(\frac{1}{\delta} - \frac{1}{\delta^3} (0) \right) \right] = \frac{3}{2\delta} \mu U = \frac{3}{2\delta} (\rho \nu) U = \frac{3}{2\delta} \left[(0.92) (1000 \text{ kg/m}^3) \right] (0.0004 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}) U = \underline{\underline{0.552 \frac{U}{\delta}}}$$

/ Pa.s (μ)

/ m/s

b l

$$\delta = 3.5 \sqrt{\nu x / U}$$

()

$$F_\tau = \int_A \tau dA = 2 \int_0^\ell \left(\mu \frac{du}{dy} \right) (b dx) = 2b\mu \int_0^\ell \frac{d}{dy} \left(\frac{Uy}{\delta} \right) dx = 2bU\mu \int_0^\ell \frac{1}{\delta} dx = 2bU\mu \int_0^\ell \frac{1}{3.5 \sqrt{\nu x / U}} dx$$

$$F_\tau = \frac{2}{3.5} bU\mu \int_0^\ell \left(\frac{U}{\nu x} \right)^{1/2} dx = \frac{2}{3.5} \frac{bU^2 \mu}{\sqrt{\nu}} \int_0^\ell x^{-1/2} dx = \frac{2}{3.5} \sqrt{\rho \mu} bU^{3/2} \int_0^\ell x^{-1/2} dx = \frac{2}{3.5} \sqrt{\rho \mu} bU^{3/2} (2\ell^{1/2})$$

$$\underline{\underline{F_\tau = 1.143 bU \sqrt{\rho \mu \ell U}}}$$

/ Pa (Pa (/ Pa (/ Pa (

() ()

$$\tau = \left(\mu \frac{du}{dy} \right) = \left[(0.05 \text{ Pa.s}) \frac{(0.75 \text{ m/s})}{(0.075 \text{ m})} \right] ; \quad \underline{\underline{\tau = 0.5 \text{ Pa}}}$$

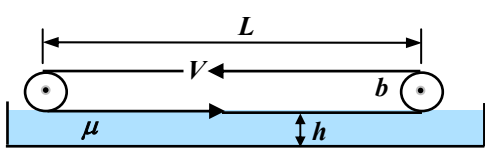
mm mm / kg/m.s

(π =) m/s ((((



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$$F_{\tau w} = \tau A = \left(\mu \frac{du}{dy} \right) \left(\frac{\pi D^2}{4} \right) = \left[(0.1 \text{ kg/m.s}) \frac{(4 \text{ m/s})}{(0.001 \text{ m})} \right] \left[\frac{\pi (0.1 \text{ m})^2}{4} \right] ; \underline{F_{\tau w} = 3 \text{ N}}$$

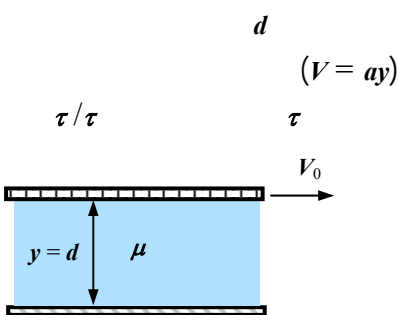


P
($h \ L \ V \ b \ \mu$)



: ()

$$P = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{V} = \overbrace{\tau_{oil} A_{belt}}^F V_{belt} = \left(\mu \frac{V}{h} \right) (bL)V ; \underline{P = \mu V^2 b \frac{L}{h}}$$



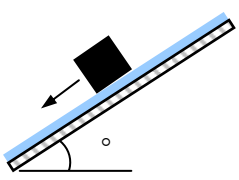
d V_0
($V = ay$)
 τ / τ τ τ
:
 $\frac{y}{\tau}$ ($\frac{1}{\tau}$ ($\frac{1}{\tau}$ (



()

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$$V_0^2 = ad ; a = \frac{V_0^2}{d} ; V = \frac{V_0}{\sqrt{d}} \sqrt{y} ; \begin{cases} \tau_1 = \mu \frac{du}{dy} = \mu \frac{d}{dy} \left(\frac{V_0}{\sqrt{d}} \sqrt{y} \right) = \mu \frac{V_0}{2d} \\ \tau_2 = \mu \frac{du}{dy} = \mu \frac{V_0}{d} \end{cases} ; \underline{\underline{\frac{\tau_1}{\tau_2} = \frac{1}{2}}}}$$



kg
 cm/s
 $\mu = \dots \text{ N.s/m}$
($g = \dots \text{ m/s}$)
 mm
 $\sqrt{\tau}$ ($\sqrt{\tau}$ ($\sqrt{\tau}$ (



: () ()

$$\tau = \mu \frac{du}{dy} = (0.06 \text{ Pa.s}) \frac{(0.02 \text{ m/s} - 0)}{a} ; \tau = \frac{0.0012}{a}$$

a

$$\sum F = 0 \quad ; \quad \tau A - W \sin \alpha = 0 \quad ; \quad \left(\frac{0.0012}{a} \right) [(1m)(1m)] - [(2kg)(10m/s^2)] \sin(30^\circ) = 0$$

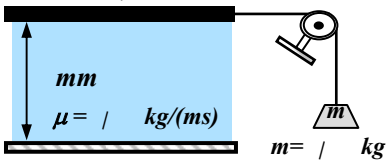
$a = 0.12 \text{ mm}$

a

() () () ()

$$W = F_\tau \quad ; \quad \gamma \sqrt[3]{a^3} \sin \theta = \mu \frac{V a^2}{t} \quad ; \quad V = \frac{\gamma a t \sin \theta}{\mu}$$

$A = 1 \text{ m}$



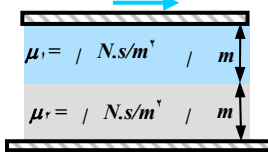
($g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$) mm/s

() () () ()

$$\sum F = 0 \quad ; \quad \tau A - W = 0 \quad ; \quad \mu \frac{du}{dy} A = mg$$

$$(0.033 \text{ kg/m.s}) \frac{U}{(0.005 \text{ m})} (0.5 \text{ m}^2) = (0.001 \text{ kg})(10 \text{ m/s}^2) \quad ; \quad \underline{\underline{U = 3 \text{ mm/s}}}$$

$V = 3 \text{ m/s}$



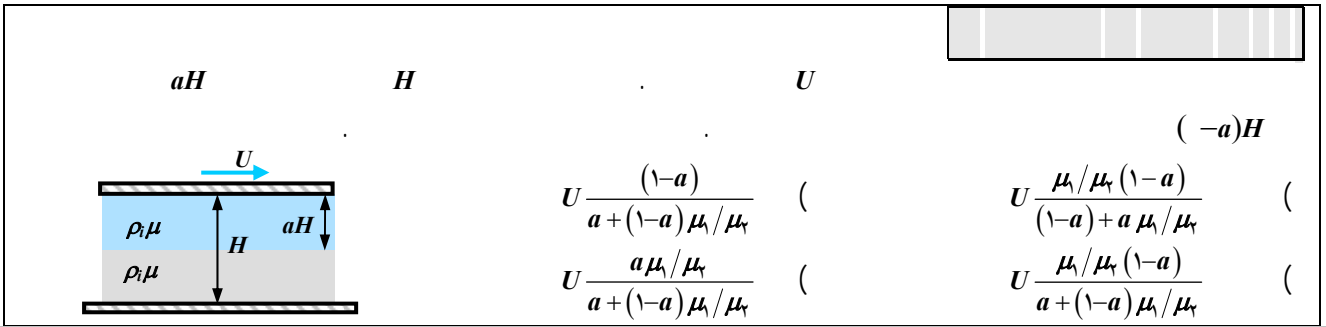
m/s

τ_d

τ_u

()

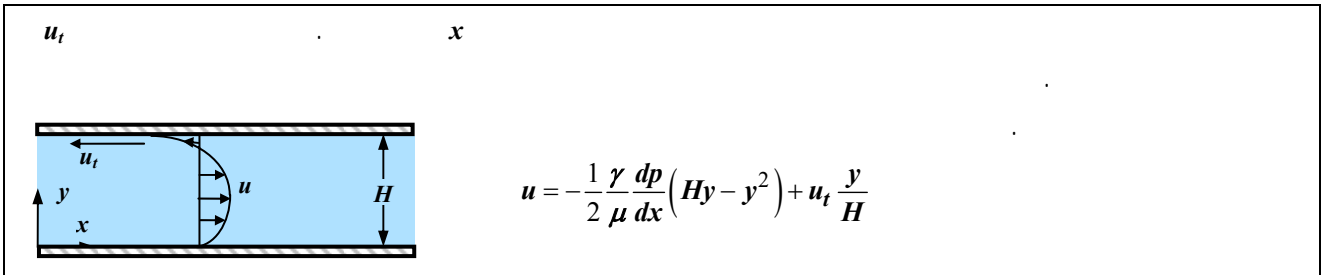
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \tau_u = \mu_1 \frac{du_1}{dy_1} = \mu_1 \frac{\Delta u_1}{\Delta y_1} = (0.4 \text{ Pa.s}) \frac{(3 \text{ m/s}) - (2 \text{ m/s})}{(0.02 \text{ m})} = 20 \text{ Pa} \\ \tau_d = \mu_2 \frac{du_2}{dy_2} = \mu_2 \frac{\Delta u_2}{\Delta y_2} = (0.2 \text{ Pa.s}) \frac{(2 \text{ m/s}) - 0}{(0.02 \text{ m})} = 20 \text{ Pa} \end{array} \right. \quad ; \quad \frac{\tau_u}{\tau_d} = \frac{20 \text{ Pa}}{20 \text{ Pa}} \quad ; \quad \underline{\underline{\frac{\tau_u}{\tau_d} = 1}}$$



$$U \frac{(1-a)}{a+(1-a)\mu_1/\mu_2} \quad \left(U \frac{\mu_1/\mu_2(1-a)}{(1-a)+a\mu_1/\mu_2} \right)$$

$$U \frac{a\mu_1/\mu_2}{a+(1-a)\mu_1/\mu_2} \quad \left(U \frac{\mu_1/\mu_2(1-a)}{a+(1-a)\mu_1/\mu_2} \right)$$

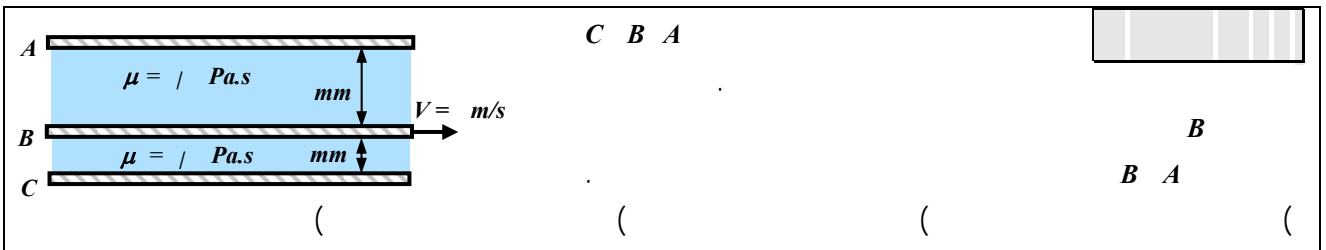
$$\begin{cases} \tau_1 = \mu_1 \frac{du_1}{dy_1} = \mu_1 \frac{U - U_T}{aH} \\ \tau_2 = \mu_2 \frac{du_2}{dy_2} = \mu_2 \frac{U_T}{(1-a)H} \end{cases} ; \quad \mu_1 \frac{U - U_T}{aH} = \mu_2 \frac{U_T}{(1-a)H} ; \quad \underline{\underline{U_T = U \frac{\mu_1/\mu_2(1-a)}{a+(1-a)\mu_1/\mu_2}}}$$



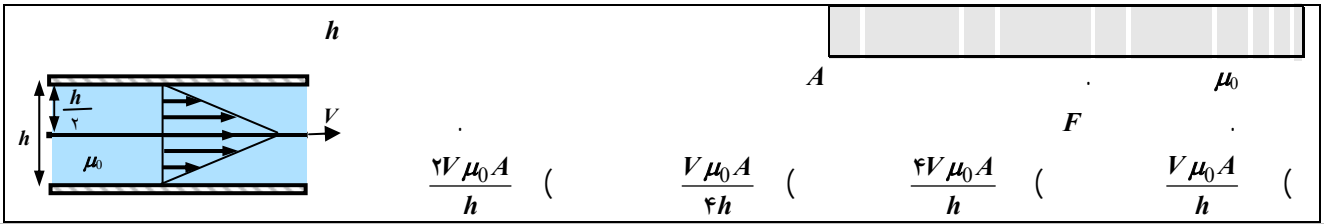
$$u = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{\gamma}{\mu} \frac{dp}{dx} (Hy - y^2) + u_t \frac{y}{H}$$

$$\tau = \mu \frac{du}{dy} = \mu \frac{d}{dy} \left[-\frac{1}{2} \frac{\gamma}{\mu} \frac{dp}{dx} (Hy - y^2) + u_t \frac{y}{H} \right] = -\frac{\gamma}{2} \frac{dp}{dx} (H - 2y) + \frac{\mu u_t}{H}$$

$$\begin{cases} \tau_u = -\frac{\gamma}{2} \frac{dp}{dx} (H - 2H) + \frac{\mu u_t}{H} \\ \tau_d = -\frac{\gamma}{2} \frac{dp}{dx} (H - 0) + \frac{\mu u_t}{H} \end{cases} ; \quad \begin{cases} \tau_u = \frac{\gamma}{2} \frac{dp}{dx} H + \frac{\mu u_t}{H} \\ \tau_d = -\frac{\gamma}{2} \frac{dp}{dx} H + \frac{\mu u_t}{H} \end{cases}$$



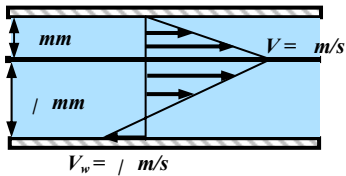
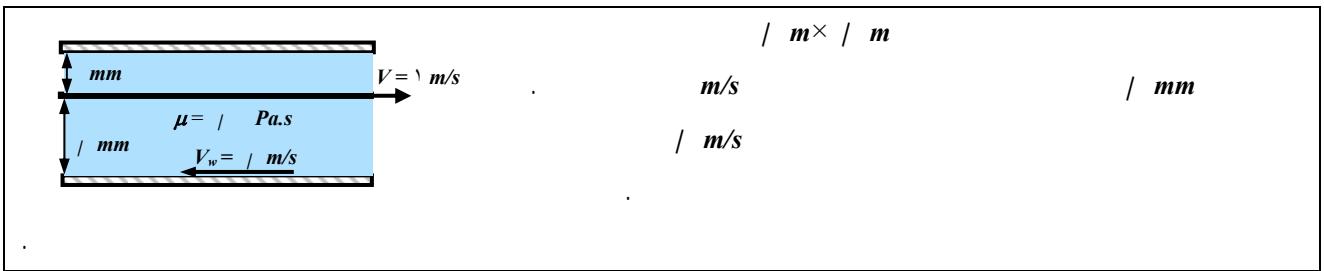
$$\tau_A = \tau_B = \mu_1 \frac{du_1}{dy_1} = \mu_1 \frac{\Delta u_1}{\Delta y_1} = (0.02 \text{ Pa}\cdot\text{s}) \frac{(4 \text{ m/s}) - 0}{(0.004 \text{ m})} ; \quad \underline{\underline{\tau_A = \tau_B = 20 \text{ Pa}}}$$



$$\frac{\gamma V \mu_0 A}{h} \quad \left(\quad \quad \quad \frac{V \mu_0 A}{\gamma h} \quad \left(\quad \quad \quad \frac{\gamma V \mu_0 A}{h} \quad \left(\quad \quad \quad \frac{V \mu_0 A}{h} \quad \left(\right. \right. \right. \right.$$

τ : τ () ()

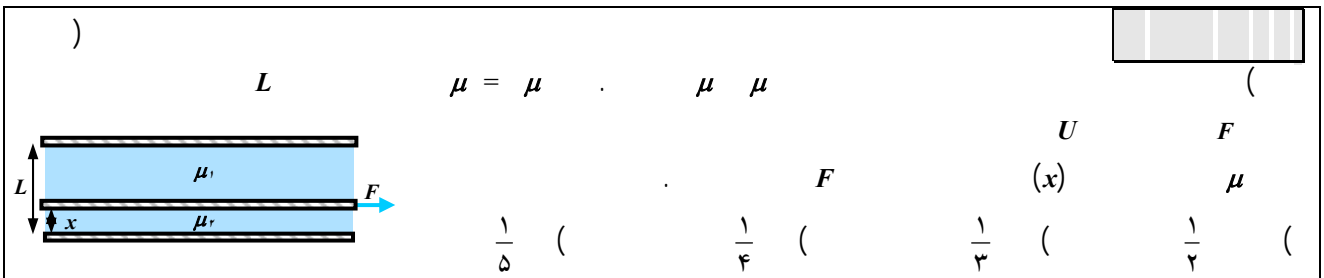
$$F = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)A = A \left(\mu_0 \frac{du_1}{dy_1} + \mu_0 \frac{du_2}{dy_2} \right) = A \left(\mu_0 \frac{V}{(h/2)} + \mu_0 \frac{V}{(h/2)} \right) ; \quad \underline{\underline{F = \frac{4V \mu_0 A}{h}}}$$



$$\frac{V_w}{V + V_w} = \frac{y}{(2.6 \text{ mm})} ; \quad y = \frac{(0.3 \text{ m/s})}{(1 \text{ m/s}) + (0.3 \text{ m/s})} (2.6 \text{ mm}) ; \quad \underline{\underline{y = 0.6 \text{ mm}}}$$

$$\begin{cases} \tau_1 = \mu \frac{du_1}{dy_1} = (0.027 \text{ Pa.s}) \frac{(1 \text{ m/s}) - 0}{(0.001 \text{ m})} = 27 \text{ Pa} \\ \tau_2 = \mu \frac{du_2}{dy_2} = (0.027 \text{ Pa.s}) \frac{(1 \text{ m/s}) - (-0.3)}{(0.0026 \text{ m})} = 13.5 \text{ Pa} \end{cases} ; \quad F = (\tau_1 + \tau_2) A_p$$

$$F = [(27 \text{ Pa}) + (13.5 \text{ Pa})][(0.3 \text{ m})(0.3 \text{ m})] ; \quad \underline{\underline{F = 3.65 \text{ N}}}$$



τ () : τ () ()

$$F = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)A = A \left(\mu_1 \frac{du_1}{dy_1} + \mu_2 \frac{du_2}{dy_2} \right) = A \left(\mu_1 \frac{\Delta u_1}{t_1} + \mu_2 \frac{\Delta u_2}{t_2} \right) = A \left[(4\mu_2) \frac{U-0}{(L-x)} + \mu_2 \frac{U-0}{x} \right]$$

$$\sum F = ma \quad ; \quad W - \tau A_p = ma \quad ()$$

$\begin{matrix} a & m & A_p & W \end{matrix}$

$\begin{matrix} () & () \end{matrix}$

$$\begin{cases} W = mg = (2 \text{ kg})(9.81 \text{ m/s}^2) = 19.62 \text{ N} \\ \tau = \mu \frac{du}{dy} = \mu \frac{\Delta u}{\Delta y} = \mu \frac{(4 \text{ m/s}) - 0}{(0.002 \text{ m})} = 2000 \mu \text{ N/m}^2 \\ A_p = \pi DL = \pi(0.1 \text{ m})(0.2 \text{ m}) = 0.063 \text{ m}^2 \end{cases}$$

$$(19.62 \text{ N}) - (2000 \mu \text{ N/m}^2)(0.063 \text{ m}^2) = (2 \text{ kg})(1 \text{ m/s}^2) \quad ; \quad \underline{\mu = 0.14 \text{ Pa}\cdot\text{s}}$$

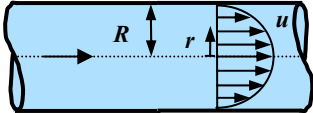
$R \quad V = V_{max} [- (r/R)]$

$\int \pi \mu V_{max}^2 \quad (\quad \int \pi \mu V_{max} \quad (\quad 2\pi \mu V_{max} \quad (\quad \int \pi \mu \frac{V_{max}^2}{R} \quad ($

$\begin{matrix} : & () & .() \end{matrix}$

$$F_{\tau w} = \tau_{r=R} A = \left(-\mu \frac{du}{dr} \right)_{r=R} (2\pi R)(1 \text{ m}) = -2\pi R \left[\mu \frac{d}{dr} \left[V_{max} \left(1 - \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^2 \right) \right] \right]_{r=R} = -2\pi R \mu V_{max} \left(\frac{-2r}{R^2} \right)_{r=R}$$

$$\underline{F_{\tau w} = 4\pi \mu V_{max}}$$



μ

$u = u_{max} \left(1 - \frac{r^n}{R^n} \right)$

u_{max}

$\begin{matrix} : & () \end{matrix}$

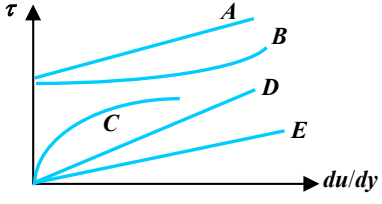
$$F_{\tau w} = \tau_{r=R} A = \left| -\mu \frac{du}{dr} \right|_{y=R} (2\pi R)(1 \text{ m}) = -2\pi R \left[\mu \frac{d}{dr} \left[u_{max} \left(1 - \frac{r^n}{R^n} \right) \right] \right]_{y=R} \quad ; \quad \underline{F_{\tau w} = 2\pi \mu n u_{max}}$$

$(\quad (\quad - \quad (\quad ($

$\begin{matrix} : & .() \end{matrix}$

$(\quad ($

$\begin{matrix} : & .() \end{matrix}$



Graph showing shear stress τ versus velocity gradient du/dy . Curves A, B, C, D, and E represent different fluid behaviors. A and B are linear, C is non-linear, and D and E are non-linear with different slopes.

Options:

- A, D ()
- D, E ()
- C, D ()
- B, E ()

Blank box:

Answer: du/dy ()

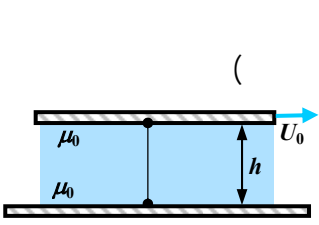


Diagram showing a fluid film of thickness h between two plates. The fluid has viscosity μ_0 and the top plate moves with velocity U_0 .

Options:

- $\tau > \tau$ ()
- $\tau < \tau$ ()
- $\tau = \tau$ ()

Blank box:

Answer: (μ_0) (μ_0) ()

Options:

- $\tau = \frac{T}{\pi LR^2}$ ()
- $\tau = \frac{T}{\pi RL}$ ()
- $\tau = \frac{\pi L^2 R}{T}$ ()
- $\tau = \frac{\pi LR^2}{T}$ ()

Blank box:

Equation: $T = FR = (\tau A)R = \tau(2\pi RL)R$; $\tau = \frac{T}{2\pi R^2 L}$

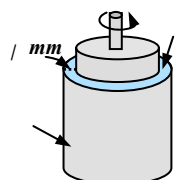


Diagram showing a cylinder with diameter 1 mm and length L .

Options:

- $\mu = 2.3 \times 10^{-2} \text{ Pa.s}$

Blank box:

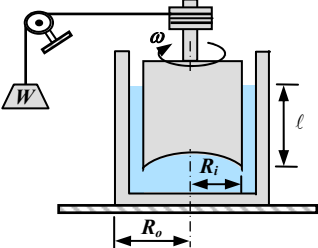
Equation: $T = \mu \frac{4\pi^2 R^3 \dot{n} L}{t}$; $\mu = \frac{Tt}{4\pi^2 R^3 \dot{n} L} = \frac{(0.8 \text{ N.m})(0.0012 \text{ m})}{4\pi^2 (0.075 \text{ m})^3 \left(\frac{200}{60} \text{ 1/s}\right)(0.75 \text{ m})}$; $\mu = 2.3 \times 10^{-2} \text{ Pa.s}$

$\frac{N.m}{s}$ $\frac{rps}{s}$ $\frac{Pa.s}{s}$

(\dots) (\dots) (\dots)

(\dots) (\dots)

$T = \mu \frac{2\pi R^3 \omega L}{t}$; $(10 N.m) = \mu \frac{2\pi [(0.08 m)/2]^3 (10 rad/s)(0.2 m)}{[(0.081 m) - (0.080 m)/2]}$; $\mu = 6.51 Pa.s$

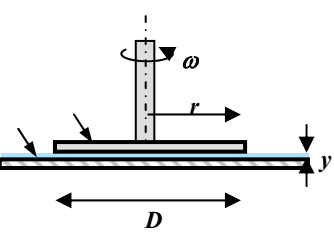


ω r_s

$\ell \omega W$

(T_a) (\dots) (T_r)

$T_r = T_a$; $\frac{2\pi\mu\omega\ell R_i^3}{(R_o - R_i)} = Wr_s$; $\mu = \frac{Wr_s (R_o - R_i)}{2\pi\omega\ell R_i^3}$



ω

$y = mm$ $D = mm$ $\omega = rad/s$ $\mu = Pa.s$

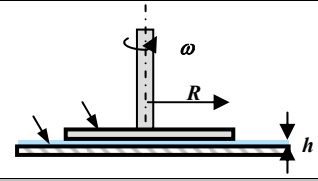
$/ \times N.m$ (\dots) $/ \times N.m$ (\dots)

$/ \times N.m$ (\dots) $/ \times N.m$ (\dots)

dr r (\dots)

$dT = r dF = r(\tau dA) = r\mu \frac{du}{dy} dA = r\mu \frac{r\omega}{y} (2\pi r dr) = \frac{2\pi\mu\omega}{y} \int_0^R r^3 dr$; $T = \frac{\pi\mu\omega}{2t} R^4$

$T = \frac{\pi(0.01 Pa.s)(2 rad/s)}{2(0.002 m)} (0.040 m)^4$; $T = 4.02 \times 10^{-5} N.m$



(h) R

T

ω

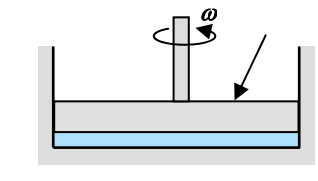
$\frac{4hT}{\pi\omega R^4}$ ($\frac{3hT}{2\pi\omega R^3}$ ($\frac{2hT}{\pi\omega R^4}$ ($\frac{hT}{\pi\omega R^2}$ (

dr r ()

:

()

$dT = r dF = r(\tau dA) = r\mu \frac{du}{dy} dA = r\mu \frac{r\omega}{y} (2\pi r dr) = \frac{2\pi\mu\omega}{y} \int_0^R r^3 dr$; $T = \frac{\pi\mu\omega}{2h} R^4$; $\mu = \frac{2hT}{\pi\omega R^4}$



ω

$^{\circ}C$ / mm

/ Pa.s

dr r ()

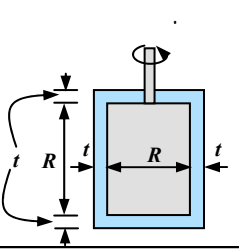
:

()

$dT = r dF = r(\tau dA) = r\mu \frac{du}{dy} dA = r\mu \frac{r\omega}{y} (2\pi r dr) = \frac{2\pi\mu\omega}{y} \int_0^R r^3 dr$; $T = \frac{\pi\mu\omega}{2t} R^4$

:

$T = \frac{\pi(1.52 Pa.s)[(2 rev/min)(2\pi rad/rev)/(1 min/60 s)]}{2(0.00254 m)} (0.150 m)^4$; $T = 0.098 N.m$



ω R R

t

μ

$\frac{\pi\mu\omega}{t} R^4$ ($\frac{\Delta\pi\mu\omega}{t} R^4$ (

$\frac{4\pi\mu\omega}{t} R^4$ ($\frac{\pi\mu\omega}{\gamma t} R^4$ (

() ()

:

()

$T = \mu \frac{2\pi R^3 \omega L}{t} = \mu \frac{2\pi R^3 \omega (2R)}{t}$; $T = \frac{4\pi\mu\omega}{t} R^4$ ()

dr r ()

:

()

$dT_e = 2r dF = 2r(\tau dA) = 2r\mu \frac{du}{dy} dA = 2r\mu \frac{r\omega}{t} (2\pi r dr) = \frac{4\pi\mu\omega}{t} \int_0^R r^3 dr$; $T_e = \frac{\pi\mu\omega}{t} R^4$

$T = T_p + T_e = \frac{4\pi\mu\omega}{t} R^4 + \frac{\pi\mu\omega}{t} R^4$; $T = \frac{5\pi\mu\omega}{t} R^4$

θ $T \omega$
($T R \omega \theta$) μ

□

() $h = r \tan \theta$ R

$dT = r dF = r(\tau dA)$; $\tau = \mu \frac{du}{dy} = \mu \frac{V}{h} = \mu \frac{r \omega}{r \tan \theta}$; $dA = 2\pi r ds = 2\pi r \left[\frac{dr}{\cos \theta} \right] = \frac{2\pi r dr}{\cos \theta}$

$dT = \frac{2\pi \omega \mu}{t \sin \theta} r^2 dr$; $T = \frac{2\pi \omega \mu}{t \sin \theta} \int_0^R r^2 dr = \frac{2\pi \omega \mu R^3}{3t \sin \theta}$; $\mu = \frac{3T \sin \theta}{2\pi \omega R^3}$

ω t μ

$T = \frac{\pi \omega \mu R^4}{2t \sin(\alpha/2)}$ ($T = \frac{\pi \omega \mu R^4}{t \sin \alpha}$ (

$T = \frac{\pi \omega^2 \mu R^4}{t \sin(\alpha/2)}$ ($T = \frac{2\pi \omega \mu R^4}{t \sin(\alpha/2)}$ (

□

ds r (.)

()

$dT = r dF = r(\tau dA)$
 $\tau = \mu \frac{du}{dr} = \mu \frac{V}{\Delta r} = \mu \frac{r \omega}{t}$
 $dA = 2\pi r ds = 2\pi r \left[\frac{dr}{\sin(\alpha/2)} \right] = \frac{2\pi r dr}{\sin(\alpha/2)}$

$dT = \frac{2\pi \omega \mu}{t \sin(\alpha/2)} r^3 dr$; $T = \frac{2\pi \omega \mu}{t \sin(\alpha/2)} \int_0^R r^3 dr$; $T = \frac{\pi \omega \mu R^4}{2t \sin(\alpha/2)}$

/ mm

/ Pa.s °C

°C

/ Pa.s °C

□

ds r ()

()

$$dP_s = VdF = (r\omega)dF = r\omega(\tau dA)$$

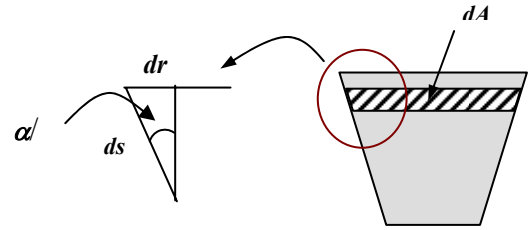
$$\tau = \mu \frac{du}{dy} = \mu \frac{V}{\Delta r} = \mu \frac{r\omega}{t}$$

$$\left[\frac{\alpha}{2} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{40 \text{ mm}}{120 \text{ mm}} \right) = 18.44^\circ \right]$$

$$dA = 2\pi r ds = 2\pi r \left[\frac{dr}{\sin(\alpha/2)} \right] = \frac{2\pi r dr}{\sin(\alpha/2)}$$

$$dP_s = r\omega \left(\mu \frac{r\omega}{t} \right) \left(\frac{2\pi r dr}{\sin(18.44^\circ)} \right) = \frac{2\pi\omega^2 \mu}{t \sin(18.44^\circ)} r^3 dr$$

$$P_s = \frac{2\pi\omega^2 \mu}{t \sin(18.44^\circ)} \int_{R_d}^{R_u} r^3 dr = \frac{\pi\omega^2 \mu}{2t \sin(18.44^\circ)} (R_u^4 - R_d^4)$$



()

$$dP_a = VdF = (r\omega)dF = (\tau dA) = r\omega \left(\mu \frac{r\omega}{t} \right) (2\pi r dr) = \frac{2\pi\omega^2 \mu}{t} r^3 dr$$

$$P_a = \frac{2\pi\omega^2 \mu}{t} \left(\int_0^{R_u} r^3 dr + \int_0^{R_d} r^3 dr \right) = \frac{\pi\omega^2 \mu}{2t} (R_u^4 + R_d^4)$$

()

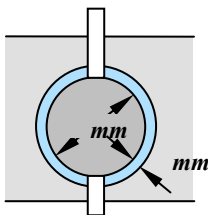
$$P = P_s + P_a = \frac{\pi\omega^2 \mu}{2t \sin(18.44^\circ)} (R_u^4 - R_d^4) + \frac{\pi\omega^2 \mu}{2t} (R_u^4 + R_d^4) = \frac{\pi\omega^2 \mu}{2t} \left[\frac{(R_u^4 - R_d^4)}{\sin(18.44^\circ)} + (R_u^4 + R_d^4) \right]$$

°C

$$P = \frac{\pi [200 / s]^2 (0.1 \text{ Pa}\cdot\text{s})}{2(0.0012)} \left\{ \frac{[(0.06 \text{ m})^4 - (0.02 \text{ m})^4]}{\sin(18.44^\circ)} + [(0.06 \text{ m})^4 + (0.02 \text{ m})^4] \right\} ; \quad \underline{\underline{P = 280.6 \text{ W}}}$$

(°)

$$P_{80} = P_{20} \frac{\mu_{80}}{\mu_{20}} = (280.58 \text{ W}) \frac{(0.0078 \text{ Pa}\cdot\text{s})}{(0.1 \text{ Pa}\cdot\text{s})} ; \quad \underline{\underline{P_{80} = 21.9 \text{ W}}}$$



mm

/ Pa.s

ds r

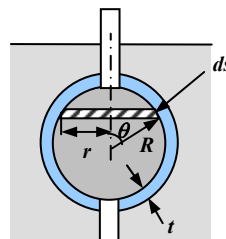
()

$$dT = r dF = r(\tau dA)$$

$$r = R \sin \theta$$

$$\tau = \mu \frac{du}{dr} = \mu \frac{V}{\Delta r} = \mu \frac{\omega R \sin \theta}{t}$$


$$dA = 2\pi r (ds) = 2\pi R \sin \theta (R d\theta) = 2\pi R^2 \sin \theta d\theta$$



$$dT = (R \sin \theta) \left(\mu \frac{\omega R \sin \theta}{t} \right) (2\pi R^2 \sin \theta d\theta) = \frac{2\pi\mu\omega R^4}{t} \sin^3 \theta d\theta$$

$$T = \frac{2\pi\mu\omega R^4}{t} \int_0^\pi \sin^3 \theta d\theta = \frac{2\pi\mu\omega R^4}{t} \left[-\frac{1}{3} \cos \theta (\sin^2 \theta + 2) \right]_0^\pi$$

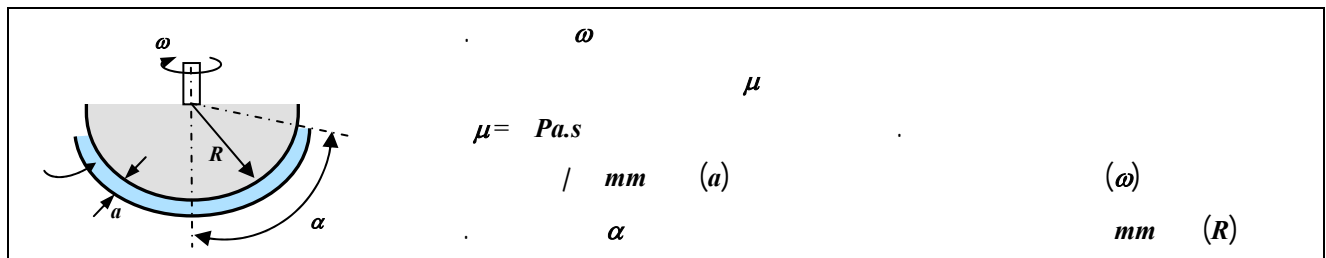
$$T = \frac{2\pi(0.036 \text{ Pa}\cdot\text{s}) [(10 \text{ rev/min})(2\pi \text{ rad}) / (60 \text{ min/s})] (0.05 \text{ m})^4}{(0.001 \text{ m})} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left[-\frac{1}{3} (\cos \pi) (\sin^2 \pi + 2) \right] \\ \left[-\frac{1}{3} (\cos 0) (\sin^2 0 + 2) \right] \end{array} \right\} = \underline{\underline{1.97 \times 10^{-3} \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}}}$$

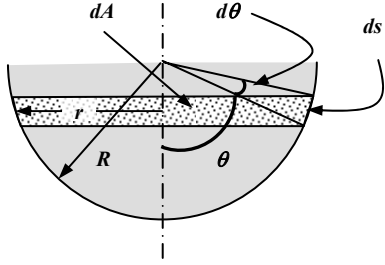
t) $R+t$ ω R 

$\int \sin^2 x = \frac{x}{2} - \frac{\sin 2x}{4}$, $\int \sin^3 x = -\cos x + \frac{\cos^3 x}{3}$, $\int \cos^2 x = \frac{x}{2} + \frac{\sin 2x}{4}$, $\int \cos^3 x = \sin x - \frac{\sin^3 x}{3}$

$\frac{\pi^4 \omega \mu R^4}{3t}$ ($\frac{4\pi \omega \mu R^4}{3t}$ ($\frac{4\pi \omega \mu R^4}{3t}$ ($\frac{4\pi \omega \mu R^4}{3t}$ (

$T = \frac{2\pi \mu \omega R^4}{t} \int_0^\pi \sin^3 \theta d\theta = \frac{2\pi \mu \omega R^4}{t} \left[-\cos \theta + \frac{\cos^3 \theta}{3} \right]_0^\pi = \frac{2\pi \mu \omega R^4}{t} \left[\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3} \right]$; $T = \underline{\underline{\frac{8\pi \mu \omega R^4}{3t}}}$



ds r θ dA $d\theta$ 

$dT = rdF = r(\tau dA)$

$r = R \sin \theta$

$\tau = \mu \frac{du}{dr} = \mu \frac{V}{\Delta r} = \mu \frac{r\omega}{a} = \mu \frac{\omega R \sin \theta}{a}$

$dA = 2\pi r(ds) = 2\pi R \sin \theta (R d\theta) = 2\pi R^2 \sin \theta d\theta$

$dT = (R \sin \theta) \left(\mu \frac{\omega R \sin \theta}{a} \right) (2\pi R^2 \sin \theta d\theta) = \frac{2\pi\mu\omega R^4}{a} \sin^3 \theta d\theta$

$T = \frac{2\pi\mu\omega R^4}{a} \int_0^\alpha \sin^3 \theta d\theta = \frac{2\pi\mu\omega R^4}{a} \left[-\cos \theta + \frac{\cos^3 \theta}{3} \right]_0^\alpha$; $T = \underline{\underline{\frac{2\pi\mu\omega R^4}{a} \left(\frac{\cos^3 \alpha}{3} - \cos \alpha + \frac{2}{3} \right)}}$ ()

/ kPa	MPa	
/ × kPa	/ × kg/m	kg
	MPa	

⋮

:

()

$$\rho_1 = \frac{m_1}{V_1} \quad ; \quad (1000 \text{ kg/m}^3) = \frac{(450 \text{ kg})}{V_1} \quad ; \quad V_1 = 0.45 \text{ m}^3$$

$$E_v = \frac{dp}{d\rho/\rho} \cong \frac{\Delta p}{\Delta\rho/\rho} = \frac{\Delta p}{(\rho_2 - \rho_1)/\rho_1} \quad ; \quad (2.06 \times 10^9 \text{ Pa}) = \frac{(70 \times 10^6 \text{ Pa})}{(\rho_2 - 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3) / (1000 \text{ kg/m}^3)}$$

$$\rho_2 = 1033.98 \text{ kg/m}^3 \quad ; \quad \frac{\Delta V}{V_1} = \frac{V_2 - V_1}{V_1} = 0.01 \quad ; \quad V_2 = 1.01 V_1 = 1.01(0.45 \text{ m}^3) \quad ; \quad V_2 = 0.4545 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\rho_2 = \frac{m_2}{V_2} \quad ; \quad (1033.98 \text{ kg/m}^3) = \frac{m_2}{(0.4545 \text{ m}^3)} \quad ; \quad m_2 = 469.9 \text{ kg}$$

$$\Delta m = m_2 - m_1 = (469.9 \text{ kg}) - (450 \text{ kg}) \quad ; \quad \underline{\underline{\Delta m = 19.9 \text{ kg}}}$$

kPa		
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⋮

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$$p_2 = p_1 \frac{V_1}{V_2} = p_1 \frac{V_1}{(0.3 V_1)} = \frac{1}{0.3} p_1 = \frac{1}{0.3} (172 \text{ kPa}) \quad ; \quad \underline{\underline{p_2 = 573.3 \text{ kPa}}}$$

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⋮

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$$p_2 = p_1 \frac{V_1}{V_2} \quad p_2 = p_1 \frac{V_1}{(0.25 V_1)} = 4 p_1 \quad ; \quad \Delta p = p_2 - p_1 = (4 p_1) - p_1 \quad ; \quad \underline{\underline{\Delta p = 3 p_1}}$$

		°C
		kPa
		k = /

⋮

:

()

$$\frac{p}{\rho} = cte \quad ; \quad \frac{p_1}{\rho_1} = \frac{p_2}{\rho_2} \quad ; \quad \frac{p_1}{m/V_1} = \frac{p_2}{m/V_2} \quad ; \quad p_1 V_1 = p_2 V_2 \quad ; \quad p_2 = p_1 \frac{V_1}{V_2} = p_1 \frac{V_1}{(0.5 V_1)}$$

$$p_2 = 2 p_1 = 2(200 \text{ kPa}) \quad ; \quad \underline{\underline{p_2 = 400 \text{ kPa}}}$$

:

()

$$p_2 = p_1 \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^k = p_1 \left[\frac{V_1}{(0.5 V_1)} \right]^k = 2^k p_1 = (2^{1.4})(200 \text{ kPa}) \quad ; \quad \underline{\underline{p_2 = 527.8 \text{ kPa}}}$$

$$k = \frac{c_p}{c_v} = \frac{1170 \text{ J/(kg.K)}}{900 \text{ J/(kg.K)}} = 1.3$$

$\rho_1 = \frac{p_1}{RT_1} = \frac{(101.3 \times 10^3 \text{ Pa})}{[5.18 \times 10^2 \text{ J/(kg.K)}](20 + 273) \text{ K}} ; \rho_1 = 0.667 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 $\frac{p}{\rho^k} = \text{cte} ; \frac{p_1}{\rho_1^k} = \frac{p_2}{\rho_2^k} ; \rho_2 = \left(\frac{p_2}{p_1}\right)^{1/k} \rho_1 = \left[\frac{(155 \text{ kPa})}{(101.3 \text{ kPa})}\right]^{1/1.31} (0.667 \text{ kg/m}^3) = \underline{\underline{0.923 \text{ kg/m}^3}}$
 $T_2 = \frac{p_2}{\rho_2 R} = \frac{(155 \times 10^3 \text{ Pa})}{(0.677 \text{ kg/m}^3)[5.18 \times 10^2 \text{ J/(kg.K)}]} = 442 \text{ K} ; T_2 = (442 \text{ K}) - 273 ; \underline{\underline{T_2 = 169^\circ \text{C}}}$

$k = \frac{c_p}{c_v} = 1.3 ; R = 270 \text{ J/kg.K}$
 $c_v = 900 \text{ J/kg.K} ; c_p = 1170 \text{ J/kg.K}$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{c_p}{c_v} = k = (1.3) \\ c_p - c_v = R = [270 \text{ J/(kg.K)}] \end{array} \right. ; \left\{ \begin{array}{l} c_p = 1.3c_v \\ (1.3c_v) - c_v = 270 \end{array} \right. ; \left\{ \begin{array}{l} c_v = 900 \text{ J/(kg.K)} \\ c_p = 1170 \text{ J/(kg.K)} \end{array} \right.$

(Bulk modulus of elasticity)
 $K = \frac{c_p}{c_v} \rho c^2 = 1.3 (0.804) (998.2 \text{ kg/m}^3) (1334.9 \text{ m/s})^2$

$K = 1.43 \times 10^9 \text{ Pa}$

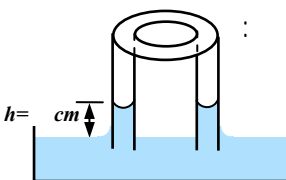
$c = \sqrt{\frac{E_v}{\rho}} = \sqrt{\frac{E_v}{SG\rho_w}} = \sqrt{\frac{(1.43 \times 10^9 \text{ Pa})}{(0.804)(998.2 \text{ kg/m}^3)}} ; \underline{\underline{c = 1334.9 \text{ m/s}}}$

$c = 1334.9 \text{ m/s}$

/ N/m cm

:

$$W = \sigma L = (0.04 \text{ N/m}) \left[4\pi(0.06 \text{ m})^2 \right] (2) \quad ; \quad \underline{\underline{W = 36.2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ N.m}}}$$



/

σ

()

$\frac{\sigma}{F}$ ()

$\frac{9\sigma}{F}$ ()

()



πR·σ

πR·σ

πR·σ

()

°C

kg/m N/m °C kg/m

W = F_σ ; γV = σL ; γ $\frac{\pi}{6} D^3 = \sigma(\pi D)$;

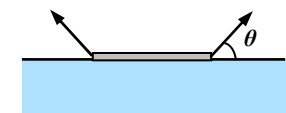
D

$D = \sqrt{\frac{6\sigma}{\gamma}} = \sqrt{\frac{6(0.073 \text{ N/m})}{\gamma}} = \sqrt{\frac{0.438}{\gamma}}$ ()

()

$$D = \sqrt{\frac{0.438}{(7800 \text{ kg/m}^3)(9.81 \text{ m/s}^2)}} \quad ; \quad \underline{\underline{D = 0.0024 \text{ m} = 2.4 \text{ mm}}}$$

$$D = \sqrt{\frac{0.438}{(2700 \text{ kg/m}^3)(9.81 \text{ m/s}^2)}} \quad ; \quad \underline{\underline{D = 0.0041 \text{ m} = 4.1 \text{ mm}}}$$



/ × kg

mm

/ N/m °C

θ

°C

W = F_σ ; mg = σL sin θ ;

$\theta = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{mg}{\sigma L} \right) = \sin^{-1} \left[\frac{(0.64 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg})(9.81 \text{ m/s}^2)}{(0.073 \text{ N/m})(0.206 \text{ m})} \right]$;

θ = 24.7°

σ	d		
$p = \frac{\gamma \sigma}{d}$ (	$p = \frac{\gamma \sigma}{d}$ (	$p = \frac{\sigma}{\gamma d}$ (	$p = \frac{\sigma}{d}$ (
: () .()			
$\Delta p = \frac{2\sigma}{R} = \frac{2\sigma}{d/2}$; $\Delta p = \frac{4\sigma}{d}$			

	P	r	
$p = \frac{\gamma P}{\gamma r}$ (	$p = \frac{Pr}{\gamma}$ (	$\frac{Pr}{\gamma}$ (	Pr (
: () .()			
$\Delta P = \frac{2\sigma}{R}$; $\sigma = \frac{R\Delta P}{2}$; $\sigma = \frac{Pr}{2}$			

	kN/m		
/ N/m (	/ N/m (	/ N/m (	/ N/m (
: () .()			
$\Delta p = \frac{2\sigma}{R} = \frac{2\sigma}{d/2} = \frac{4\sigma}{d} = \frac{4 \times (28.18 \times 10^{-3} N/m^2)}{(0.001m)}$; $\Delta p = 112.72 N/m^2$			
$\Delta p = p_i - p_o = (112.72 N/m^2)$; $p_i = (112.72 N/m^2) + p_o = [(112.72 N/m^2) + (100000 N/m^2)]$			
<u>$\Delta p = 100112.72 Pa$</u>			

(.	(.	(.	(
: () .()			

mm	kg/m	/ mm	
: ()			

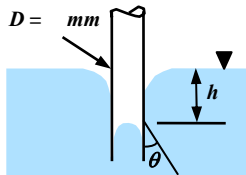
$$\sigma = \frac{h\gamma R}{2\cos\phi} = \frac{(0.005\text{ m})[(960\text{ kg/m}^3)(9.81\text{ m/s}^2)](0.00095\text{ m})}{2\cos(15^\circ)} ; \quad \underline{\underline{\sigma = 0.023\text{ N/m}}}$$

°C / mm
N/m / N/m °C

$$h = \frac{2\sigma\cos\phi}{\gamma R} = \frac{2(0.073\text{ N/m})\cos(15^\circ)}{(9789\text{ N/m}^3)(5\times 10^{-6}\text{ m}/2)} ; \quad \underline{\underline{h = 5.8\text{ m}}}$$

/ N/m / mm

$$h = \frac{2\sigma\cos\phi}{\gamma R} = \frac{2(0.073\text{ N/m})\cos(0)}{(9810\text{ N/m}^3)[(0.1)(5\times 10^{-5}\text{ m})/2]} ; \quad \underline{\underline{h = 6.0\text{ m}}}$$



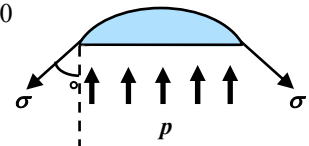
mm
theta = °

/ N/m

$$\sum F_v = 0 ; \quad \sigma(\pi D)\cos\theta + p\frac{\pi D^2}{4} = 0 ; \quad \sigma\pi D\cos\theta + (\gamma_{Hg}h)\frac{\pi D^2}{4} = 0$$

$$-(0.46\text{ N/m})\pi(0.001\text{ m})\cos(40^\circ) + (133000\text{ N/m}^3)h\left[\frac{\pi(0.001\text{ m})^2}{4}\right] = 0$$

$$\underline{\underline{h = 0.0106\text{ m} = 10.6\text{ mm}}}$$



(h)

$\sigma\cos\phi$

d

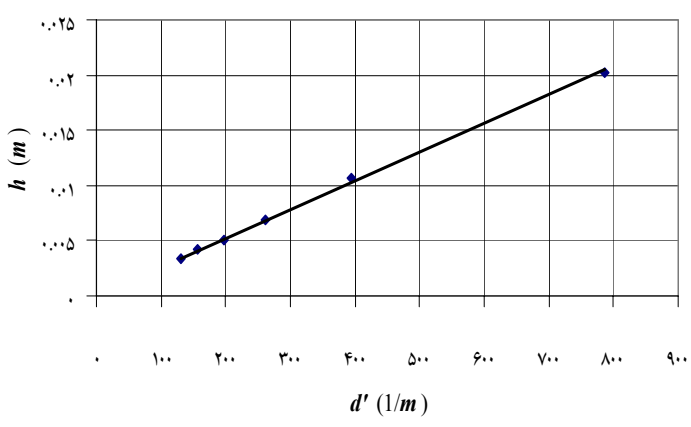
۱/۳	۲/۵	۳/۸	۵/۱	۶/۴	۷/۶	(mm) d
۲۰/۲	۱۰/۷	۶/۹	۵/۰	۴/۲	۳/۴	(mm) h



:

$$h = \frac{2\sigma \cos \phi}{\gamma R} = \frac{4\sigma \cos \phi}{\gamma d} = b d' \quad \left[b = \frac{4\sigma \cos \theta}{\gamma}, d' = \frac{1}{d} \right] \quad ()$$

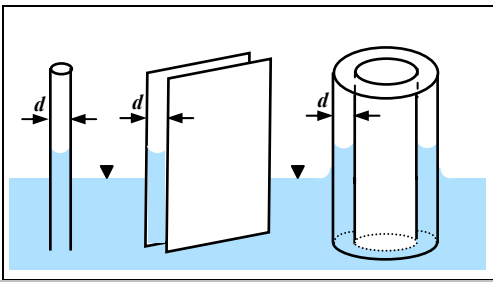
۰,۰۰۱۳	۰,۰۰۲۵	۰,۰۰۰۶۹	۰,۰۰۵۱	۰,۰۰۴۲	۰,۰۰۳۴	(m) h
۷۸۷,۴	۳۹۳,۷	۲۶۲,۵	۱۹۶,۹	۱۵۷,۵	۱۳۱,۲	(mm) d'



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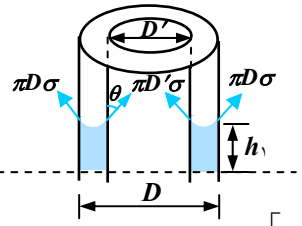
$$h = 3 \times 10^{-5} d' \quad ; \quad b = 3 \times 10^{-5} = \frac{4\sigma \cos \phi}{(9810 \text{ N/m}^3)}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\sigma \cos \phi = 0.074 \text{ N/m}}}$$



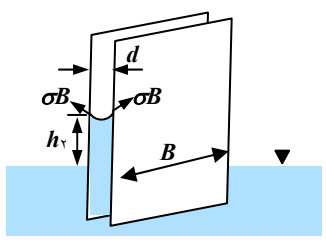
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$$W = F_\sigma \quad ; \quad \gamma h_1 \left[\pi \left(\frac{D^2 - D'^2}{4} \right) \right] = (\sigma \cos \theta) [\pi (D + D')] \quad ; \quad h_1 = \frac{4\sigma \cos \theta}{\gamma \left(\frac{2d}{D - D'} \right)} \quad ; \quad h_1 = \frac{2\sigma \cos \theta}{\gamma d}$$



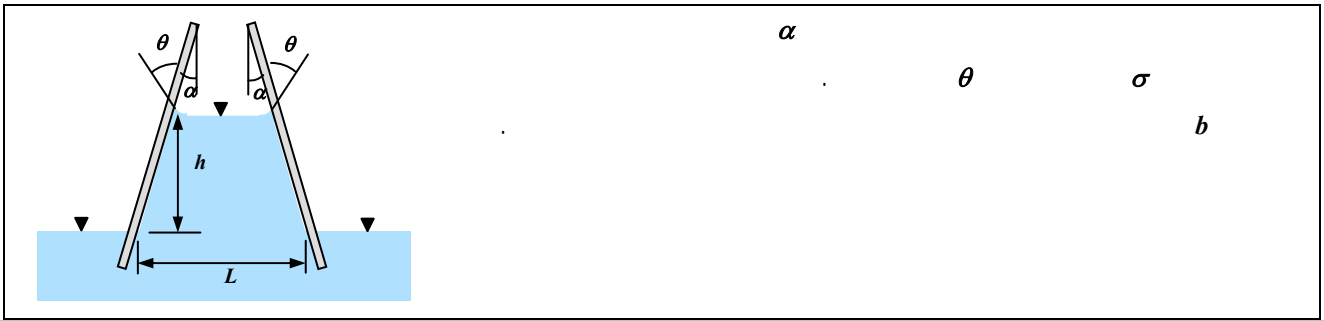
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$$W = F_\sigma \quad ; \quad \gamma h_2 d L = (\sigma \cos \theta) [L \times 2] \quad ; \quad h_2 = \frac{2\sigma \cos \theta}{\gamma d}$$



:

$$\underline{\underline{h_3 = \frac{4\sigma \cos \theta}{\gamma d}}}$$



(.)

$$F_{\sigma} = 2\sigma b \cos(\theta - \alpha)$$

$$W = F_{\sigma} \quad ; \quad \rho g [bh(L - h \tan \alpha)] = 2\sigma b \cos(\theta - \alpha) \quad ; \quad \sigma = \frac{\rho g [bh(L - h \tan \alpha)]}{2 \cos(\theta - \alpha)}$$